

Press release

Geta Brătescu and Paul Neagu

January 15 – February 16, 2013

Opening: Sun, January 13, 11am–1pm | 12 o'clock re-enactment of *The Cake Man* by Paul Neagu

Opening hours: Tue–Sat, 11 am–6 pm

Galerie Barbara Weiss is bringing together two outstanding Romanian artists of the post-war era in the exhibition *Geta Brătescu and Paul Neagu*.

Geta Brătescu, born in 1926 in Ploiesti, has in recent years achieved major international recognition through the participation in important exhibitions at the New Museum, New York, Tate Modern, London, Istanbul Biennial and the Triennial in Paris. Her oeuvre is characterised by the complexity of the material and the media of expression. It comprises object art, performance, film, drawings, graphics, collage, photography and textiles.

Brătescu began her artistic practice in the 1940s. In the years of isolation under the rule of Ceaușescu, her main source of information for international developments in contemporary art, were predominantly books, catalogues, a few exhibitions and visits abroad. She utilizes a series of artistic processes out of the visual and theoretical repertoire of modernism and develops these further into different forms of expression and alternative concepts. Political, social and cultural upheavals that the artist has witnessed are all important factors for the understanding of her work. Consisting of seven parts and over five meters long, the collage *Memory – state of mind without a title* (1990/91), is in itself a piece of memory. It was created in complete retraction very shortly after the fall of the iron curtain showing Brătescu's characteristic, extended image language: figures, medallions, writings, documents and letters. The elements seem in their abstraction, being strung together and layered one after the other almost universal; they offer a number of associations and references to her artwork, such as art and cultural history as well as the importance of literature and writing to the artist.

In contrast to Brătescu, who had for decades worked within the system, Paul Neagu (1938–2004) immigrated in the 1970s to the United Kingdom and celebrated early success with shows at the British Museum, Tate Britain and the Victoria & Albert Museum. He also influenced many of his students such as Antony Gormley, Anish Kapoor, Tony Cragg, Rachel Whiteread and Langlands & Bell.

The performance *The Cake Man* presented here at the exhibition was first shown on 10th May 1971 at the Sigi Krauss Gallery in London. The re-enactment takes up an important aspect of Neagu's artistic practice – the emergence of an act of active and collective remembrance, which reflects Neagu's perception that art has the potential of unbounded freedom to communicate in time and space.

During the event, Neagu invited the audience to take part through the consumption of waffles, which symbolize cells. When they are extracted out of their initial structure, the figure falls into an abstract pattern. Hence the audience becomes active participants of the fall of this organic unity.

Cell-like structures as shown in the re-enactment together with a series of works on paper displayed in this exhibition are typical for Neagu's works of the early 1970s. His philosophy, which stands in close relationship with the symbolic anthropology of Gilbert Durand, stresses the simultaneous distinctness and interconnectedness of everything, from the molecular level to the universal. Geta Brătescu, in comparison, creates her own cosmos through the joining and layering of a multitude of fragments.

The exhibition was realized in cooperation with Ivan Gallery Bucharest and the Paul Neagu Estate London.

Doerte Achilles